

CHAPTER 8 – DEALING WITH TEMPTATION

TEST YOUR KNOWLEDGE

1. The Greek verb used in the New Testament translated “to try” or “to _____” is the word periazō which carries with it in many contexts the negative meaning of “an _____ to sin.
2. _____ is when we are enticed to do something that is displeasing to God and against His law.
3. The Bible tells us that all enticements to violate God’s law come from one of three sources. The sources are: (1) The _____, (2) The _____, (3) The _____.
4. “The word [cosmos] means *order, system, or regulation*, and indicated that the world is an order or system, but in every instance—and there are many—where a _____ feature of the world is in view, this cosmos world is said to be opposed to God.”
5. The “flesh” is the _____ we inherit from Adam that has a natural bent toward sin.
6. Peter tells us *“Be of sober spirit, be on the alert. Your adversary, the _____, prowls about like a roaring lion, seeking someone to devour (I Peter 5:8).”*
7. Christ was enticed to sin but He never did. So, temptation is _____ sin.
8. “The source of temptation [as the result of our sin nature] is from _____ a person; it is his own _____, lust, or inner craving. He is dragged away and enticed.
9. Paul infers that the struggle between the flesh and the Spirit will push us to _____ on being led by the Spirit (i.e. dependence on God) (Gal. 5:16-25).
10. Testings are God’s way of offering us _____ for approval and _____; they are the way of Satan’s defeat.
11. God always provides “a way of _____” when temptation comes into our lives.
12. Some actions we need to take in dealing with temptation include: (1) being on the _____ and perceptive, (2) realizing where our _____ is to overcome temptation, (3) in some cases _____ or (4) in other cases destroying the _____ of temptation or investing less time in the _____ that causes the temptation.